Configuring history on MQTT Engine tags

The history configuration for MQTT Engine tags can be setup as needed for your specific requirements as described in Ignition's Configuring Tag History and How the Tag Historian System Works documents.

There are however some caveats regarding tag history configuration persistence and handling of historical event data that are detailed in this document.

- History Configuration Persistence
- MQTT Engine Historical Event Processing
- Writing historical events directly to the database, via the Historian, bypassing the tag
 - MQTT Engine
 - Tag History Configuration
 - Edge Client
- · Writing historical events directly to tags
 - MQTT Engine
 - Tag History Configuration
 - Edge Client
- History Configuration Examples
 - Sample Mode = On Change, Min Time Between Samples = 0, Max Time Between Samples = 0
 - Sample Mode = On Change, Min Time Between Samples = 0, Max Time Between Samples = 5
 - O Sample Mode = Periodic, Max Time Between Samples = 0, Sample Rate = 5

History Configuration Persistence

Currently history configuration for MQTT Engine tags is not persistent and it may be required to delete MQTT Engine tags in certain cases. Reference Understanding how tag changes at the Edge affect MQTT Engine for more details.

The recommended way of configuring history for MQTT Engine tags is to use reference tags to indirectly reference MQTT Engine tags. This allows the history configuration to be persisted on the reference tag when the underlying MQTT Engine tags are deleted.



The reference tag must be a Reference tag only. Derived, Expression and OPC tags (expose MQTT Engine tag provider through OPCUA server) will not properly store history when MQTT Engine tags are updated with historical data at a high rate of speed. This is a limitation within the Ignition platform and may be addressed in a future release.

Alternatively you can use scripting to reapply the history configuration directly to MQTT Engine tags on demand

MQTT Engine Historical Event Processing

MQTT Engine has two ways to process historical events and insert the historical data into Ignition's Tag Historian module:

- Writing historical events directly to the database, via the Historian, bypassing the tag
- Writing historical events directly to the tag



Writing historical events directly to tag is required if there are:

- · Tag Events scripts that fire when applicable
- Alarms that are triggered when applicable
- Reference tags used to indirectly reference MQTT Engine tags

Writing historical events directly to the database, via the Historian, bypassing the tag

The configuration parameters required to write historical events directly to the database, via the Historian, bypassing the Tag are shown below.

MQTT Engine

Under the MQTT Engine Settings General Tab, navigate to the Miscellaneous Settings and ensure Store Historical events is selected

Store Historical Events

Enable the writing of historical change events directly to the History provider instead of updating the Tag value

Tag History Configuration

History must be enabled on the MQTT Engine tag but the only property used from the tag history configuration is the Storage Provider.

All historic data will be written to the configured Storage Provider, via the Historian, using the timestamp associated with the historical data.



All other properties such as Sample Mode, Max Time Between Samples, Deadband etc are ignored when writing historic data

Edge Client

The Edge side client can publish historic data either in-order (synchronously) or asynchronously.



If you are using MQTT Transmission as the Edge side client, under the MQTT Transmission Settings for your transmitter, navigate to the History Settings to disable the In-Order History configuration parameter. Enabling the In-Order History for MQTT Transmission is unnecessary and will result in a waste of resources.

In-Order History

☐ Flush history in-order (synchronously) before live data resumes (default: false)

Writing historical events directly to tags

The configuration parameters required to write historical events to the tag instead of directly to the Historian are detailed below.

MQTT Engine

Under the MQTT Engine Settings General Tab, navigate to the Miscellaneous Settings and ensure Store Historical events is de-selected

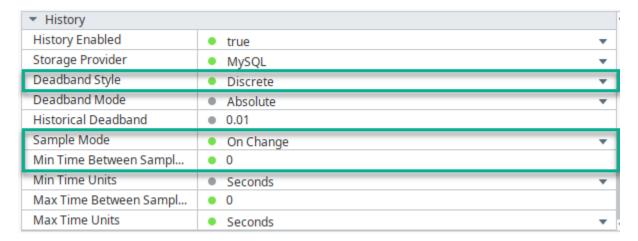
Store Historical Events

☐ Enable the writing of historical change events directly to the History provider instead of updating the Tag value

Tag History Configuration

History must be enabled on the tag (either directly on the MQTT Engine tag and/or reference tag) with these three settings required:

- Deadband Style set to Discrete
- Sample Mode set to On Change
- Min Time Between Samples set to 0



All historic data will be written to the tag using the timestamp associated with the historical data.



Deadband Style must be set to Discrete for all tag datatypes. This ensures that a change is registered any time the value moves +/- the specified amount from the last stored value.

If left at the default Auto setting, Ignition will determine the deadband style based on the tag datatype. See this Ignition Configuring Tag History Deadband and Analog Compression for details on how the Analog and Discrete Deadband Styles differ.



When Max Time Between Samples is greater than 0, inserts at this sample time are not honored during historical data flushes because the tag updates for historical data occur too quickly.

For example the Max Time Between Samples is 5 Seconds. Whilst the edge node is offline, the edge node tag has updates every 10 seconds. On reconnect, all these historical change events are published and written to the MQTT Engine tag within milliseconds. As a result the Max Time Between Samples does not trigger.

Edge Client

If you are not using reference tags, the Edge side client must publish historic data in-order (synchronously) before live data resumes. This is because Ignition will ignore writes to the tag if the timestamp on the tag change is older that the current value.

If you are using reference tags and have the Ignition Allow Back-fill Data disabled on the tag provider that will contain the reference tags, the Edge side client must publish historic data in-order (synchronously) before live data resumes. This is because Ignition will ignore writes to the tag if the timestamp on the tag change is older that the current value.

If you are using reference tags and have the Ignition Allow Back-fill Data enabled on the tag provider that will contain the reference tags, the Edge side client can publish historic data either synchronously or asynchronously. Using each of these different flush methods has the following implications:

- In-order history from the Edge Node
 - Historical data will be stored for the reference tag
 - o If history is enabled on MQTT Engine tags, historical data will be stored the MQTT Engine tag
- Asynchronous history from the Edge Node
 - · Historical data will be stored for the reference tag
 - Even if history is enabled on MQTT Engine tags, historical data will not be stored the MQTT Engine tag. New values will only be stored
 in the historical database if it is a non-historical value.



If you are using MQTT Transmission as the Edge side client, under the MQTT Transmission Settings for your transmitter, navigate to the History Settings to select or deselect the In-Order History configuration parameter.

As shown below, when the MQTT Transmission client comes back online and flushes history, it will flush the oldest historical events first (in order) before sending live Tag changes events to Engine.

In-Order History

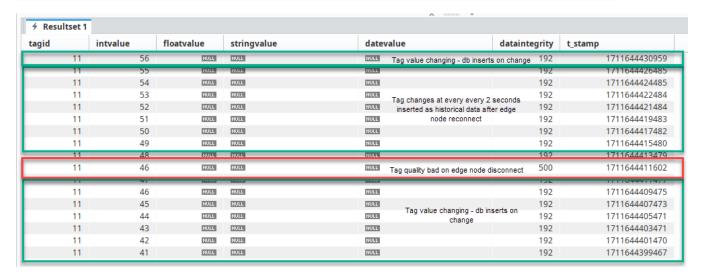
▼ Flush history in-order (synchronously) before live data resumes (default: false)

History Configuration Examples

Sample Mode = On Change, Min Time Between Samples = 0, Max Time Between Samples = 0

- Suitable for writing historical events directly to the database or writing historical events directly to the tag
- Real-time data is written to the storage provider on each tag change event whilst the tag quality is Good
- · Historical data is written to the storage provider or tag using the timestamp associated with the historical data
 - Handles historical metrics flushed from the Edge that have very high resolution; e.g., the historical metrics have timestamps 1 ms apart for a single tag

▼ History		
History Enabled	• true	•
Storage Provider	MySQL	•
Deadband Style	Discrete	•
Deadband Mode	Absolute	•
Historical Deadband	• 0.01	
Sample Mode	On Change	•
Min Time Between Sampl	• 0	
Min Time Units	Seconds	•
Max Time Between Sampl	• 0	
Max Time Units	 Seconds 	•



Sample Mode = On Change, Min Time Between Samples = 0, Max Time Between Samples = 5

- · Suitable for writing historical events directly to the database or writing historical events directly to the tag
- Real-time data is written to the storage provider on each tag change event whilst the tag quality is Good
- Real-time data is written to the storage provider on the Max Time Between Samples interval if no tag change events whilst the tag quality is Good
- · Historical data is written to the storage provider or tag using the timestamp associated with the historical data
 - When the Max Time Between Samples > 0, there will be no inserts during a history flush as the tag updates occur too quickly
 - Handles historical metrics flushed from the Edge that have very high resolution; e.g., the historical metrics have timestamps 1 ms apart for a single tag

▼ History		
History Enabled	• true	•
Storage Provider	 MySQL 	•
Deadband Style	Discrete	•
Deadband Mode	 Absolute 	•
Historical Deadband	• 0.01	
Sample Mode	On Change	•
Min Time Between Sampl	• 0	
Min Time Units	Seconds	•
Max Time Between Sampl	• 5	
Max Time Units	Seconds	•

∳ Resultset	1						
tagid	intvalue	floatvalue	ue stringvalue datevalue		lataintegrity	t_stamp	
11	29	NULL	NULL	NULL		192	1711645822694
11	29	NULL	NULL	NULL		192	1711645817687
11	29	HULL	NULL	NULL	Tag value not changing - db insert 5 seconds	s every 192	1711645812683
11	29	NULL	NULL	NULL	3 securius		1711645807678
11	29	NULL	NULL	NULL		192	1711645802484
11	29	NULL	NULL	NULL		192	1711645749027
11	28	NULL	NULL	NULL	Tag changes at edge every 10 se		1711645739009
11	27	NULL	NULL	NULL	inserted as historical data after ed reconnect	ge node 192	1711645729000
11	26	NULL	NULL	NULL	reconnect	192	1711645718981
11	25	NULL	NULL	NULL		192	1711645708970
11	24	NULL	NULL	NULL	Tag quality bad on edge node dis	sconnect 500	1711645634253
11	24	NULL	NULL	NULL	,,	192	1/11645629451
- 11	24	HOLL	HOLL	HOLE		192	1711043024444
11	24	NULL	NULL	NULL		192	1711645619438
11	24	NULL	NULL	NULL		192	1711645614432
11	24	NULL	NULL	NULL		192	1711645609425
11	24	NULL	NULL	NULL	Tag value not changing - db insert	s every 192	1711645604420
11	24	NULL	NULL	NULL	5 seconds	192	1711645599414
11	24	NULL	NULL	NULL		192	1711645594406
11	24	NULL	NULL	NULL		192	1711645589399
11	24	NULL	NULL	NULL		192	1711645584394
11	24	NULL	NULL	NULL		192	1711645579390
11	24	NULL	NULL	NULL		192	1711645574385
11	24	NULL	NULL	NULL		192	1711645569378
11	24	мит	ышт	мит		102	1711645564272
11	24	NULL	NULL	NULL		192	1711645557790
11	23	NULL	NULL	NULL	Tag value changing < Max Time Be		1711645555991
11	22	NULL	NULL	NULL	Samples - db inserts on chan	ge 192	1711645553806
11	21	NULL	NULL	NULL		192	1711645550165
11	20	HULL	NULL	HULL		192	1711645549355
11	20	NULL	NULL	NULL		192	1711645544350
11	20	NULL	NULL	NULL	Tag value not changing - db insert	s every 192	1711645539343
11	20	NULL	NULL	NULL	5 seconds	192	1711645534338
11	20	NULL	NULL	NULL		192	1711645529332
11	20	NULL	NULL	NULL		192	1711645524326

Sample Mode = Periodic, Max Time Between Samples = 0, Sample Rate = 5

- Suitable only for writing historical events directly to the database
 Real-time data is written to the storage provider on the Sample Rate whilst the tag quality is Good
 Historical data is written to the storage provider using the timestamp associated with the historical data

▼ History		
History Enabled	• true	•
Storage Provider	MySQL	•
Deadband Style	Discrete	•
Deadband Mode	Absolute	•
Historical Deadband	• 0.01	
Sample Mode	Periodic	•
Max Time Between Sampl	• 0	
Max Time Units	Seconds	•
Sample Rate	• 5	
Sample Rate Units	Seconds	•

← Resultset							
agid	intvalue	floatvalue	stringvalue	date	value data	aintegrity	t_stamp
11	41	NULL	HULL	NULL		192	1711655211031
11	38	NULL	NULL	NULL	Tag value changing every 2 seconds inserts every 5 seconds	192	1711655206029
11	35	NULL	NULL	NULL	maeria every o aeconos	192	1711655201028
11	33	HULL	HULL	NULL		192	1711655194071
11	32	NULL	NULL	NULL		192	1711655192069
11	31	NULL	NULL	NULL		192	1711655190068
11	30	NULL	NULL	NULL		192	1711655188067
11	29	NULL	NULL	NULL		192	1711655186066
11	28	HULL	NULL	NULL	Tag changes at edge every 2 secon	nds 192	1711655184064
11	27	HULL	NULL	NULL	inserted as historical data after edg		1711655182062
11	26	NULL	NULL	NULL	node reconnects	192	1711655180061
11	25	NULL	NULL	NULL		192	1711655178059
11	24	NULL	NULL	NULL		192	1711655176057
11	23	NULL	NULL	NULL		192	1711655174056
11	22	NULL	NULL	NULL		192	1711655172055
11	21	NULL	NULL	NULL		192	1711655171055
11	18	NULL	NULL	NULL	Tag quality bad after edge node discor	nnect 500	1711655171020
11	20	NULL	HULL	NULL		192	1711655169053
11	19	NULL	NULL	NULL	T	192	1711655167052
11	17	NULL	NULL	NULL	Tag value changing every 2 seconds inserts every 5 seconds	192	1711655166018
11	15	NULL	NULL	NULL		192	1711655161017
11	12	NULL	NULL	NULL		192	1711655156015
11	10	NULL	NULL	NULL		192	1711655151015

Ignition Allow Back-fill Data

Starting in Ignition 8.1.4 Ignition supports a feature to 'back-fill' historical data for tag providers.

Normally if a tag is updated with a value that is older than the current value, Ignition simply throws it away. In doing so, no tag change event will ever fire and the tag will not be updated. The back-fill option allows the value to be stored to the historical database if history is enabled on that tag. However even with this option enabled, it is important to note that no tag change event will fire. So, tag change event scripts, transaction groups, and any other subsystem that relies on tag change events will not be notified of the event if it is older than the current tag value (i.e. is historical).

To enable this option, browse to the Ignition Gateway Web UI Config Tag Providers Realtime. Select 'edit' for the Tag Provider that will contain Reference Tags that will point to MQTT Engine tags. Scroll to the bottom and click the 'Show advanced properties' checkbox. This will show the 'Allow Back-fill Data' option. Set it to true as shown below and then click 'Save Changes'.

